

# Zhongke Micro AGNSS Solution

[www.gnss-aide.com](http://www.gnss-aide.com)

## Why use AGNSS

- Conditions for autonomous GNSS receiver positioning include:
  - Capture and track satellite signals, analyze time
  - Obtaining messages from satellites
- In a strong signal environment, the autonomous GNSS receiver can cold start positioning quickly. In a weak signal environment, it is very slow for receivers without external assistance to receive satellite messages, so it takes a long time to locate, or even unable to locate.
- AGNSS can provide the receiver with auxiliary information necessary for positioning, such as precise time and location information.

Set and time. Whether in a strong signal or a weak signal environment, this information  
Short first positioning time.

## AGNSS auxiliary information

- Zhongkewei's AGNSS server can provide customers who use Zhongke micro navigation p  
For AGNSS service, AGPS data is currently provided, and Beidou and GLONASS will  
Supplementary information.
- At present, the auxiliary information that the AGNSS server of Zhongkewei can provide it
  - Rough time
  - GPS ephemeris, GPS almanac, ionospheric correction parameters, UTC leap second correction
  - Location: The estimated location of the receiver, which needs to be provided by the customer
- The rough location needs to be obtained by the customer through other means, such as the  
The accuracy of rough position is not high, less than 15km is a more reliable rough posi

## AGNSS solution

- The AGNSS server obtains and manages AGNSS auxiliary information from multiple GNSS data sc  
Immediately monitor and respond to the client's AGNSS request (user name and password are re
- The user obtains the auxiliary information from the AGNSS server through the TCP/IP protocol, and  
Directly transmitted to the GNSS receiver.
- Users can also set up their own proxy server.

# AGNSS process

- For the user side, the AGNSS process is as follows:
- 1) Connect to the AGNSS server
  - The address of the server is 121.41.40.95 (domain name: www.gnss-aide.com)
  - The port number is 2621
- 2) Send AGNSS request
  - Example of request statement: (user name and password fields are required)
  - User=freetrial;pwd=123456;cmd=full;lat=60.0;lon=55.0;alt=0;
- 3) Obtain AGNSS auxiliary information
- 4) Send AGNSS auxiliary information to the receiver

# AGNSS request parameters

- The client sends a request to the AGNSS server. The format of the request statement is as follows
  - The request statement is a combination of multiple sets of **key=value;**, such as: key=value;key=value;
- Example: user=freetrial;pwd=123456;cmd=full;lat=60.0;lon=55.0;alt=0;
- The specific key and value are defined in the following table

| Keyword (Key) | Value (value) | Optionality | Remark  |
|---------------|---------------|-------------|---|
| user          | String        | <b>must</b> | username. It is strongly recommended that the user name is a valid email address, and important AGNSS server maintenance information will be sent to tl |
| pwd           | String        | <b>must</b> | user password   |
| gnss          | String        | Optional    | A comma-separated list of GNSS, currently supports GPS. Valid values are: gps, bds, glo<br>"Gnss=gps;" means to request GPS assistance information;     |

|      |                 |          |  |
|------|-----------------|----------|--|
| cmd  | String          | Optional | "Gnss=gps,bds;" means request GPS and BDS auxiliary information;<br>full: all information, including ephemeris, estimated time and location<br>eph: only provides ephemeris information<br>aid: auxiliary time, location and other information<br>If this item is not filled, the default is full                        |
| lat  | Numerical value | Optional | Estimated latitude of the user's location. The unit of latitude: degrees. The value range is -90~90 degrees. Both position auxiliary format, latitude and longitude, choose one of two. The effective latitude and longitude position auxiliary format is "lat=30;lon=120.3;alt=100;" all three fields must be complete. |
| lon  | Numerical value | Optional | An estimate of the longitude of the user's location. The unit of longitude: degrees. The value range is -180~180 degrees.  |
| alt  | Numerical value | Optional | The estimated value of the height of the user's location. Unit: m.   |
| x    | Numerical value | Optional | The estimated value of the user's position (X, Y, Z in the ECEF coordinate system). Unit: m. The valid ECEF position assist format is "X=30000;y=1111120.3;z=3345100;" All three fields must be complete.  |
| y    | Numerical value | Optional | The estimated value of the user's position (X, Y, Z in the ECEF coordinate system). Unit: m.   |
| z    | Numerical value | Optional | The estimated value of the user's position (X, Y, Z in the ECEF coordinate system). Unit: m.   |
| pace | Numerical value | Optional | The accuracy of the user's location. The unit is meters.   |

## authority management

- AGNSS currently only provides AGNSS services to authorized customers
- Please contact sales to obtain AGNSS permission, please provide user name (User Name) and password.
- AGNSS only provides assistance to Zhongkewei's GNSS receivers.
- Free trial account
  - Username: freetrial
  - Password: 123456
  - Limit: 1000 requests per hour.

## Server returns information

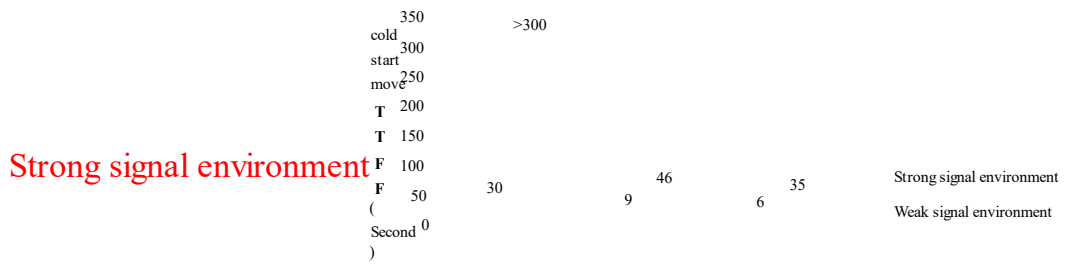
- Example of data returned by the AGNSS server: data header + auxiliary data content
- Binary data is the auxiliary data required by the GNSS receiver. All of these binary data  
Comes with data verification. The binary data format refers to the receiver protocol specification.
- If the data header is also sent to the GNSS receiver, it will not affect the GNSS receiver.

## AGNSS evaluation software

- Zhongkewei's GNSS visualization software tool integrates the AGNSS evaluation function.  
Tools can be obtained free of charge by contacting sales.
- Use this tool to quickly evaluate AGNSS functions.

## AGNSS performance comparison

- Based on the AGNSS evaluation software (running on a laptop), the AGNSS function can be realized.
- Compared with ordinary stand-alone GNSS receivers, AGNSS receivers have significant TTFB performance boost, especially under weak signal conditions.



Weak signal environment

## Precautions

- The rough position assistance needs to be obtained by the user side through other means, :
  - GSM/GPRS/3G communication modules, these modules can use CELL ID to obtain the current Rough location
  - Other wireless modules such as WiFi can also be roughly positioned
- The accuracy of the rough position is required to be within 15km, and the wrong position performance
- If the rough position cannot be obtained, ignore the position field in the AGNSS request s (lat,lon,alt,x,y,z), the receiver will automatically select the effective position of historical
- It is not necessary to use the position output by the GNSS receiver as a rough position

## When do you need AGNSS

- No need to download from the server every time you boot, saving data
  - There are battery backup SRAM inside the chip of Zhongke Micro, as well as permanent

Can automatically save received ephemeris data, etc.

– The chip is constantly downloading the latest ephemeris data from the satellite during

- Determine whether to download from the server by querying the status of

## AGNSS data

– The receiver can output the **message status** statement (default is not output, it needs to

– See the next page for the sentence introduction

# Introduction to Message Status

- The output of this sentence is the current time inside the receiver + the state of the message.
- You can send the command \$PCAS03,,,,,,,,,1\*1F, output the message status statement once per second
- You can send the command \$PCAS03,,,,,,,,,0\*1E to stop outputting the message status statement
- **Note: Every sentence must end with \r\n (0x0D,0x0A), there are 11 commas in the sentence**
- If the time stamp is valid (non-zero) and the number of valid ephemeris is large (more than 8), there is no need to download the AG

# AGNSS implementation example

- Python language implementation

```
# 1) Variable definition
addr = '121.41.40.95' #Server address
port = 2621 #port
message = 'user = fr ceet rial;pwd=123456;cmd=f ul;l1at=30;l0n=120;' #Request message
```

- Please follow the example of C language

## Sales request

```
# 2) Server connection.
socket.setsockopt(socket.SOL_SOCKET, socket.SO_REUSEADDR, 1)
client = socket.socket()
client.connect((addr, port))

# 3) Send request message
client.send(message)

# 4) Receive server response
reply_data = ""
while True:
    current_reply = client.recv(1024)
    if len(current_reply) == 0:
        break
    else:
        reply_data += current_reply

# 5) Send the server response to the navigation module, take COM1, 9600 as an example.
import serial
tty = serial.Serial()
tty.port = 'COM1'
tty.baudrate = 9600
tty.open()
tty.write(reply_data)
tty.close()
```

# Technical Support

- For questions about AGNSS, please contact sales, or technical support.
- Contact: [software@casic.ac.cn](mailto:software@casic.ac.cn)